# Foster Parent Perspectives of Learning Needs to Support Child Development

Mary Kate Riffle OTR/L NM LEND Capstone Project 5/6/22



# **LEND Competencies**

### Person and Family-Centered Care

- Use individual and family input in a meaningful way to design, deliver, and evaluate services and systems of care.
- Research, Quality Improvement, and Evidence-Based Practice
  - Understand and critically use data to inform continuous quality improvement efforts in clinical and community-based practice.
  - Gain experience with framing a problem, researching, developing a product, disseminating to relevant stakeholders, and providing a professional presentation.

# **Capstone Partners**

- Lend Mentor- Heidi Sanders
- Community Partner- NM FIESTA

Thank you!

## **Capstone Overview**

### **Research Questions**

- What are learning needs for foster parents related to development?
- How can occupational therapists better support foster parents through education?

### Interest in topic

- CASA (Court Appointed Special Advocate) Volunteer
- Graduate school research in this area
- Hearing the experience of friends who were in foster care and others who are foster parents

# Agenda

- Problem Framing
- Research
- Product
- Dissemination
- Reflection

- 3,489 children in foster care in New Mexico in 2020
- 632,000 children in foster care nationally in 2020

(U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 2017)

 RAFT (Relative, Adoptive, Foster Parent Training) is a training developed by the New Mexico Children, Youth, and Families Department for prospective foster and adoptive parents

(NM Raft, 2022)

### **RAFT Training Components:**

### **Lesson 1: Our Parenting Options**

#### Topics include

- · History of Child Welfare
- · Children in Care
- · About Protective Services
- · Culture, Appreciation and Bias
- Foster Parent Roles and Responsibilities
- · Getting Ready to Welcome a Child
- · When a Child Exits the System
- · Reasonable and Prudent Parenting
- Confidentiality
- Teamwork

#### Lesson 2: Our Children and Youth in Care

#### Topics include

- · Adverse Childhood Experiences
- Trauma + Care
- · Issues of Attachment
- · Grief + Loss
- · Child Development, Behaviors, and Skills
- Child Maltreatment: Effects + Caregiver Responses
- · Conflict, Communication + Resolution
- Discipline
- Sibling Groups

#### Lesson 3: Our Older Youth

### Topics include

- The Youth's Perspective
- · Vital Resources For Youth
- · What Foster and Adoptive Parents Can Do
- Youth Services
- Supporting Connections
- Virtual World
- Sexual Exploitation
- Risk + Resiliency
- Life Skills
- The Power of Mentors

### RAFT Training Components:

### Lesson 4: Our Foster and Adoptive Families

### Topics include

- · Our Children's History
- · Rights of Biological Family
- · Shared Parenting
- Relative Placements
- Adoption
- Foster Care and Stress
- · Roles, Paperwork and Protocols
- Licensure
- Financial Issues
- · Advocating for Youth

Lesson 5: Safe Sleep for Infants

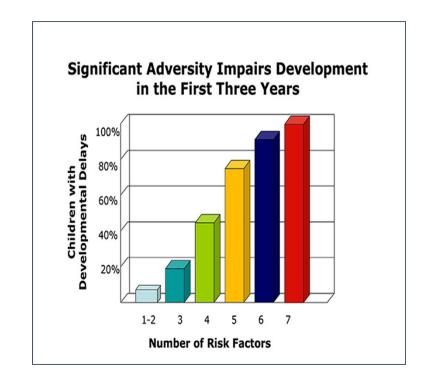
Topics include

 Children in foster care services often have trauma exposure

(Oswald, Fegert, & Goldbeck, 2010) (Griffin et al., 2011)

 Risk factors have been shown related to developmental delay

(Barth et. al., 2008)



- Challenging behaviors may lead to placement instability (Hebert & Kulkin, 2018)
- Placement instability is associated with reduced life satisfaction for youth

(Bederian-Gardner et al., 2018)

 Studies have shown foster parents wanting more training to help manage challenging behaviors to improve placement stability

(Hebert & Kulkin, 2018) (Price, Chamberlain, Landsverk, & Reid, 2009)

# **Research and Survey Creation Process**

- Guiding question: What ongoing knowledge may benefit foster parents to support their children's development?
- Review of developmental impact of foster care
- Research review of trauma and child development
- Pulled common themes from research for potential education topics
- Created a survey of educational topic ideas
- No IRB required

# Research: Foster Care and Developmental Impact

 Children in foster care have often experienced multiple adverse childhood experiences. The developmental outcomes of children in foster care are generally worse than the general population

(Goemans, A., et al., 2016)

 The risk for adverse long-term outcomes increases if needs go unaddressed during placement

(Deutsch, S. A., et al., 2015)

# Research: Foster Care and Developmental Impact

According to research done through the Karen Purvis Institute of Child Development, there are 5 aspects of the child that are affected by trauma, referred to as the 5 B's. They are the brain, beliefs, behaviors, body, and biology

(Purvis et al., 2013)

"When you connect to the heart of a child, everything is possible." – Dr. Karyn Purvis

# Research: Brain Development/Cognition

- Brain development is sequential
- Trauma repair and brain rewiring happens best in the order that the brain needs to heal
- One of the first goals in helping children who have experienced trauma is to regulate their lower areas (Lyons, 2017)

# Research: Attachment and Sensory Processing

 Children who have failed to attach to a caregiver in their first two years of life or who have suffered abuse or neglect are at increased risk of developing sensory processing disorders

(Kranowitz, C, 2005).

### Research: Behavior and Mental Health

 Children in foster care are more likely to have physical challenges, ADHD, depression, anxiety, and behavioral or conduct problems

(Turney, K. and C. Wildeman, 2016)

Youth in foster care have been shown to participate in more risky activities than the rest of the population, including alcohol, drugs, and sex which may attribute to poor health outcomes later in life

(Gramkowski, B., et al., 2009)

# **Research: Themes**

General development	Brain and cognition	Attachment	Sensory Processing
Behavior	Mental Health	Sleep	Play

## **Product: Survey for NM FIESTA Families**

### Survey Questions: Therapy-Informed Trainings for NM Fiesta

Occupational Therapists support children with developmental skill progression, participation in play, and increasing independence with daily activities. Although not members of New Mexico FIESTA, Occupational Therapists are available to offer educational training to support the learning needs of foster families as they care for children in the home.

Your participation in this survey will help inform what you, as a foster parent and member of New Mexico Fiesta, would be interested in learning about. Your participation is voluntary and confidentiality of all personal data and information will be maintained. If you have any questions regarding the survey, please contact one of the individuals listed below:

Heidi Sanders OTR/L HSanders@salud.unm .edu

Mary Kate Riffle OTR/L m riffle 633@gm ail.com

Survey Link: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/Z553BGM

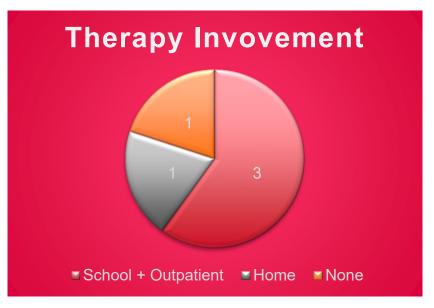
# **Product: Survey for NM FIESTA Families**

<ul> <li>What trainings have been most beneficial for you?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>What topics do you want to learn more about?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>What is your biggest challenge as a foster parent?</li> </ul>	☐ Sleep
<ul><li>Is your child enrolled in any therapies? Which ones?</li></ul>	☐ Mealtime tips
What is your preferred learning style?	☐ Creating opportunities for independence (dressing, hygiene)
Auditory     Kinesthetic	Social Emotional Skills
o Mixed	☐ Helping children handle their emotions
<ul> <li>Do you prefer trainings in person, virtual, or no preference?</li> </ul>	Treiping children handle their emotions
Which trainings would you be interested in participating in?	Sensory Processing
Development	☐ Sensory integration strategies for overwhelm
☐ Talk on specific conditions (FAS, RAD, etc.)	☐ Sensory strategies to encourage sleep
<ul> <li>☐ Supporting developmental milestones</li> <li>☐ The brain and trauma</li> </ul>	
The brain and trading	Attachment
Self Help Skills/Daily Routine	
	☐ Infant massage
	☐ Play

### **Dissemination**

- Shared survey with NM FIESTA members via their social media group and email chain
- New Mexico FIESTA Project exists to support, encourage, and equip adoptive and foster parents.
   FIESTA is an acronym for Family, Activities, Information, Education, Support, and Training
- The results will be given to NM FIESTA

### 5 participants:



What trainings have been most beneficial for you?

What topics do you want to learn more about?

What is the biggest challenge in your daily routines as a foster parent?

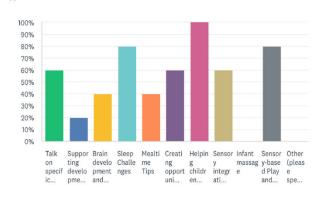
Alert Program (How Does Your Engine Run) Zones of Regulation Make & Take OT activities for home FASD (Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders) Sensory Regulation

DIY for elementary ages
FASD (Fetal Alcohol
Spectrum Disorders)
Sensory and sensory diets
Emotional regulation

Juggling responsibilities
Handling big emotions
Trying to parent differently
than when raised
Trauma
Transitions
Having time to recharge

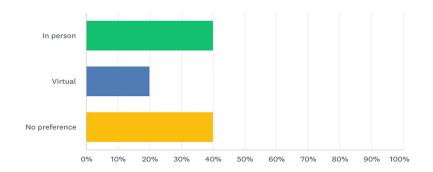
### Which trainings would you be interested in participating in?

Answered: 5 Skipped: 0



AN	SWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	•
•	Talk on specific conditions (FAS, RAD, etc.)	60.00%	3
•	Supporting developmental milestones	20.00%	1
,	Brain development and trauma	40.00%	2
•	Sleep Challenges	80.00%	4
,	Mealtime Tips	40.00%	2
,	Creating opportunities for independence (dressing, hygiene)	60.00%	3
,	Helping children handle their emotions through self and co-regulation	100.00%	5
,	Sensory integration strategies for self and co-regulation	60.00%	3
,	Infant massage	0.00%	0
,	Sensory-based Play and Attachment	80.00%	4

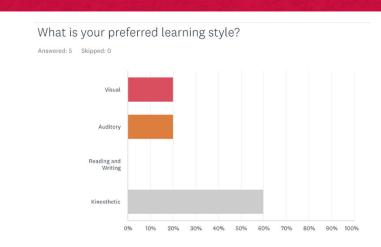
Do you prefer presentations in person, virtual, or no preference?



ANSWER CHOICES	▼ RESPONSES	-
▼ In person	40.00%	2
▼ Virtual	20.00%	1
▼ No preference	40.00%	2
TOTAL		5

### Learning Styles:

- Visual Learning: images and graphic elements over words
- Auditory Learning: speaking, lectures, discussion
- Read/Write Learning: written words and reading
- 4. Kinesthetic Learning: tactile processes, concrete experiences, movement



ANSWER CHOICES	▼ RESPONSES	*
▼ Visual	20.00%	1
▼ Auditory	20.00%	1
▼ Reading and Writing	0.00%	0
▼ Kinesthetic	60.00%	3
TOTAL		5

	Handling Big Emotions	Sensory Diet	Make & Take: Sleep	Condition specific topic: FASD
Kinesthetic	Create a "tool box" of calm down strategies & use as a group	Go through an activity for each sensory system	Practice creating a bedtime routine, moving around Velcro pieces on schedule	Hands on stations; ex. showing doll size difference of baby with FASD
Visual	Graphic to explain why a child might feel big emotions	Picture of sensory system activities	Write out bedtime routine schedule	Images of those with FASD
Auditory	Explain the benefit of regulation strategies	Q & A of which sensory inputs their child might need	Discuss possible routine components	Talk about the signs and symptoms of FASD
Reading and Writing	Give handout of other examples for a "big emotions toolbox"	Give note taking packet to participants	Give the class recommendations for a book to read on sleep	Power point slides contain words, not just pictures

### **Reflection and Future Directions**

- Importance of collaboration with community agency
- Interested in how to make educational topics accessible to the families
- Listening to families and their learning needs
- Expanding on this capstone
- Is there a network of therapist who are connected with NM FIESTA for educational presentations?
- Is there an online library of topics and resources?
- Are families in rural areas aware NM FIESTA exists?
- Adapt survey for local CASA chapters to support foster care volunteer learning needs

### References

Advancement Courses. (2019). 4 Types of Learners in Education: Advancement Courses. Retrieved from https://blog.advancementcourses.com/articles/4-types-of-learners-in-education/

Barth, R. P., Scarborough, A. A., Lloyd, E. C., Losby, J. L., Casanueva, C., & Mann, T. (2008). Developmental status and early intervention service needs of maltreated children. Washington, DC: Institute for Social and Economic Development. Retrieved from http://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED501753.pdf

Child Welfare Information Gateway (n.d.) Foster Care. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.childwelfare.gov/topics/outofhome/foster-care/">https://www.childwelfare.gov/topics/outofhome/foster-care/</a>

Deutsch, S. A., et al. (2015). "Mental Health, Behavioral and Developmental Issues for Youth in Foster Care." Current Problems in Pediatric and Adolescent Health Care 45(10): 292-297.

Goemans, A., et al. (2016). "Developmental Outcomes of Foster Children: A Meta-Analytic Comparison With Children From the General Population and Children at Risk Who Remained at Home." Child Maltreat 21(3): 198-217.

Gramkowski, B., et al. (2009). "Health risk behavior of youth in foster care." J Child Adolesc Psychiatr Nurs 22(2): 77-85.

### References

Griffin, G., McClelland, G., Holzberg, M., Stolbach, B., Maj, N., & Kisiel, C. (2011). Addressing the impact of trauma before diagnosing mental illness in child welfare. Child Welfare, 90(6), 69–89. Retrieved from http://prxusa.lirn.net/login?url=http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=heh&AN= 74247646&site=eds-live

Hebert, C. G., & Kulkin, H. (2018). An investigation of foster parent training needs. Child & Family Social Work, 23(2), 256–263. https://doi.org/10.1111/cfs.12413

Hughes, K., et al. (2017). "The effect of multiple adverse childhood experiences on health: a systematic review and meta-analysis." Lancet Public Health **2**(8): e356-e366

Kranowitz, Carol Stock. (2005). The out-of-sync child: recognizing and coping with sensory processing disorder. New York: A Skylight Press Book/A Perigee Book

Lyons, Shoshanah (2017). The Repair of Early Trauma- A Bottom Up Approach. Retrieved from http://www.chosen.care/the-repair-of-early-trauma-a-bottom-up-approach/

### References

New Mexico Relative Adoptive Foster Parent Training (2022). Retrieved from <a href="https://nmraft.org/#:~:text=RAFT%20(Relative%2C%20Adoptive%2C%20Foster,a%20child%20into%20your%20home">https://nmraft.org/#:~:text=RAFT%20(Relative%2C%20Adoptive%2C%20Foster,a%20child%20into%20your%20home</a>.

Oswald, S. H., Fegert, J, M., & Goldbeck, L. (2010). Posttraumatic stress symptoms in foster children following maltreatment and neglect. Verhaltenstherapie, 20(1), 37-44

Price, J. M., Chamberlain, P., Landsverk, J., & Reid, J. (2009). KEEP foster-parent training intervention: Model description and effectiveness. Child & Family Social Work, 14(2), 233–242. https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2206.2009.00627.x

Purvis, K. B., Cross, D. R., Dansereau, D. F., & Parris, S. R. (2013). Trust-Based Relational Intervention (TBRI): A Systemic Approach to Complex Developmental Trauma. Child & Youth Services, 34(4), 360-386.

Turney, K. and C. Wildeman (2016). "Mental and Physical Health of Children in Foster Care." Pediatrics 138(5).

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2021, November 30). The AFCARS Report (Rep.). Retrieved from <a href="https://www.acf.hhs.gov/cb/report/trends-foster-care-adoption">https://www.acf.hhs.gov/cb/report/trends-foster-care-adoption</a>